

## Homework 5

### Perspectives on the evolution of structures (Analysis 3 and Mastan modeling)

You may work in groups of up to 3 but you must each make an individual design and submission.

Use mastan2, downloadable from [www.mastan2.com](http://www.mastan2.com) for this homework

You have been set the design problem of spanning a 40 foot wide gap with a bridge made of steel. You are asked to consider the deflection and forces (scientific), amount of material used (social, as a stand-in for cost), and aesthetic effect (symbolic) of the bridge.

Some constraints and assumptions are made:

- All members have cross sectional area  $A = 3 \text{ in}^2$ , moment of inertia  $I_{yy} = 1 \text{ in}^4$ , and elastic modulus  $E = 30000 \text{ ksi}$ .
- A two dimensional design is sufficient.
- The bridge should be modeled and analyzed as a 2D frame, even if it looks like a truss.
- The bridge must support a total load of 30 kips between the supports.
- The supports may be pin-roller or pin-pin.
- The bridge must have a horizontal deck member.
- Use units of kips for force and inches for length.

To complete the assignment, follow these steps:

- 1) **Download the file hw5bridges.mat from the course website. This file contains three example bridge designs that solve the problem posed above.**
- 2) Open this file in mastan2.
  - a) Run the analysis by choosing analysis>1<sup>st</sup> order elastic>planar frame (x-y)>apply
  - b) Note and record the support conditions of each bridge.
  - c) Record maximum tensile and compressive axial force and bending moment in each of the bridges.
  - d) Record the maximum nodal displacement in each of the bridges.
  - e) Determine the weight of the bridges by subtracting 30 kips, the total applied live load, from the sum of the y-direction reactions. This will give the weight of the bridge in kips since the density of steel has been provided to mastan2. Record these weights.
  - f) Use the results of 2)b-e) to compare and contrast the three bridge forms given in the file.
- 3) Design and model a fourth bridge solving the same design problem. Exercise your creativity!
  - a) Your design should connect nodes at  $(x = 0, y = 0)$  and  $(x = 480, y = 0)$  by a series of elements and may use either pin-roller or pin-pin supports
  - b) Apply the live load by evenly distributing the 30 kip live load among all nodes along the horizontal deck of your design.

- c) Section and material properties are already defined, so you simply need to attach them to elements you create.
- d) Make a hand drawn schematic sketch of your design.

After you have designed your bridge, built the mastan2 model, and run the analysis, answer the following questions to complete Problem 2.

- a) Report the maximum tensile and compressive axial force and bending moment.
- b) Report the maximum nodal displacement
- c) Determine the weight of your design
- d) Compare the performance of your bridge (maximum tensile and compressive force, maximum bending moment, maximum nodal displacement, weight) to that of the example bridges.
- e) Describe how you weighted social, scientific, and symbolic criteria in making your design.
- f) Make a drawing, by hand, of what a real world bridge based on your two dimensional design would look like. Note that this should differ from the design of part 2d) in that 2d) asks for a schematic, engineering-style drawing, and this question asks for a more artistic/architectural rendering.

Video/youtube tutorials are available to help you complete the assignment. You are strongly encourage to watch these and make use of them

- 1) <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d4veh0JRouU&feature=plcp>
- 2) <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TLS7WnaI9bs&feature=plcp>
- 3) <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fuSOBW5D-PM&feature=plcp>